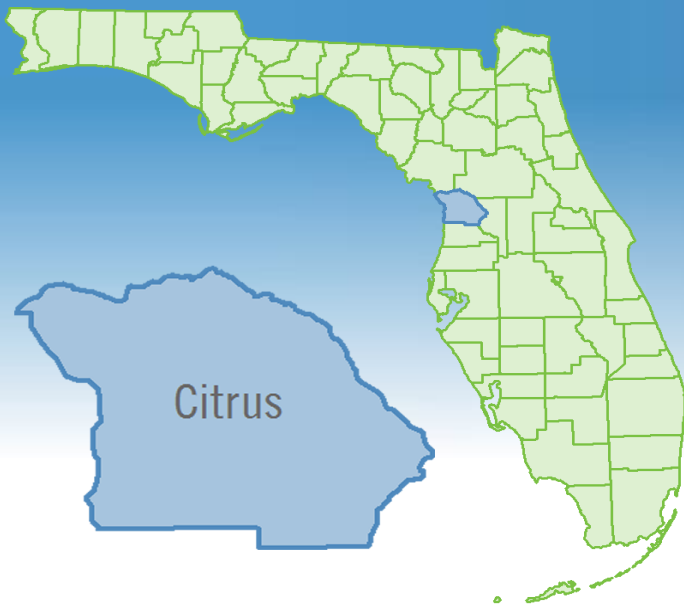


Monthly Market Detail - November 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Citrus County



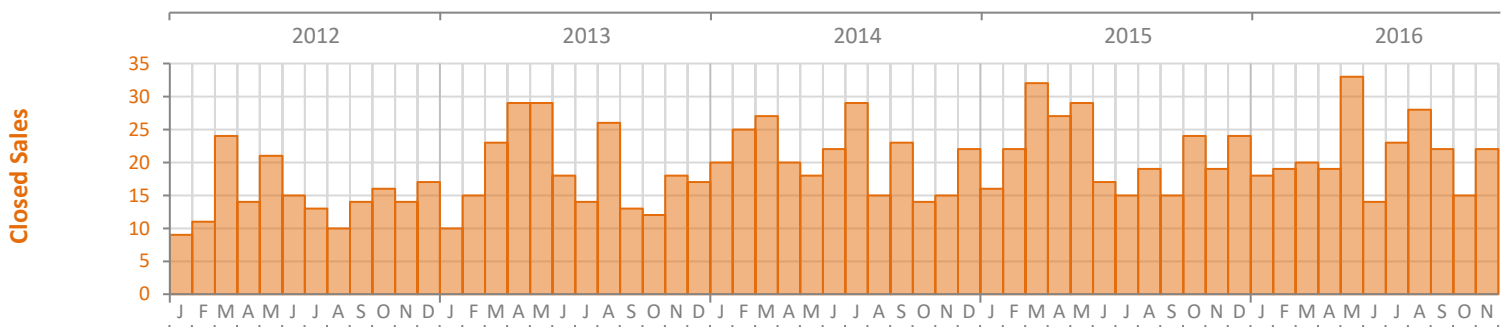
Summary Statistics	November 2016	November 2015	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	22	19	15.8%
Paid in Cash	18	10	80.0%
Median Sale Price	\$74,500	\$70,000	6.4%
Average Sale Price	\$85,212	\$84,121	1.3%
Dollar Volume	\$1.9 Million	\$1.6 Million	17.3%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.6%	92.2%	3.7%
Median Time to Contract	36 Days	55 Days	-34.5%
Median Time to Sale	71 Days	77 Days	-7.8%
New Pending Sales	16	14	14.3%
New Listings	33	23	43.5%
Pending Inventory	23	22	4.5%
Inventory (Active Listings)	89	105	-15.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.2	4.9	-14.3%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	233	-0.9%
November 2016	22	15.8%
October 2016	15	-37.5%
September 2016	22	46.7%
August 2016	28	47.4%
July 2016	23	53.3%
June 2016	14	-17.6%
May 2016	33	13.8%
April 2016	19	-29.6%
March 2016	20	-37.5%
February 2016	19	-13.6%
January 2016	18	12.5%
December 2015	24	9.1%
November 2015	19	26.7%

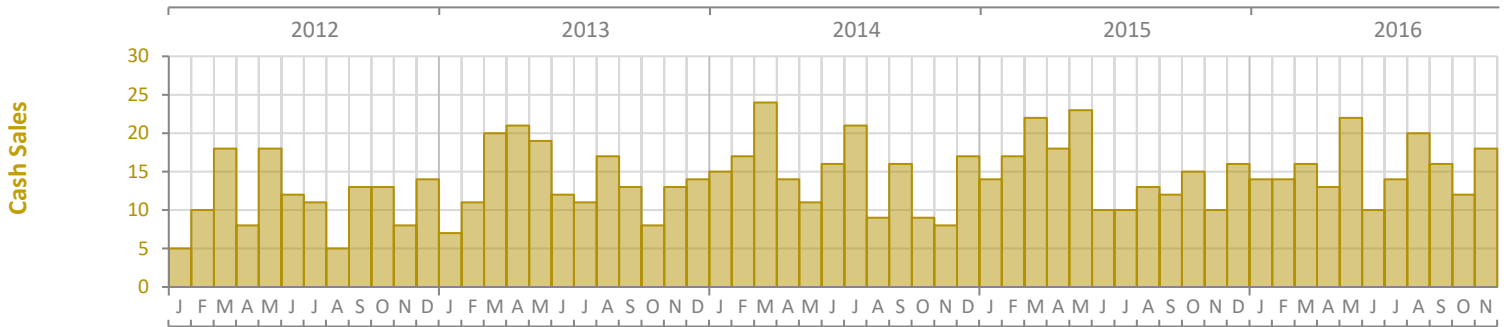


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	169	3.0%
November 2016	18	80.0%
October 2016	12	-20.0%
September 2016	16	33.3%
August 2016	20	53.8%
July 2016	14	40.0%
June 2016	10	0.0%
May 2016	22	-4.3%
April 2016	13	-27.8%
March 2016	16	-27.3%
February 2016	14	-17.6%
January 2016	14	0.0%
December 2015	16	-5.9%
November 2015	10	25.0%

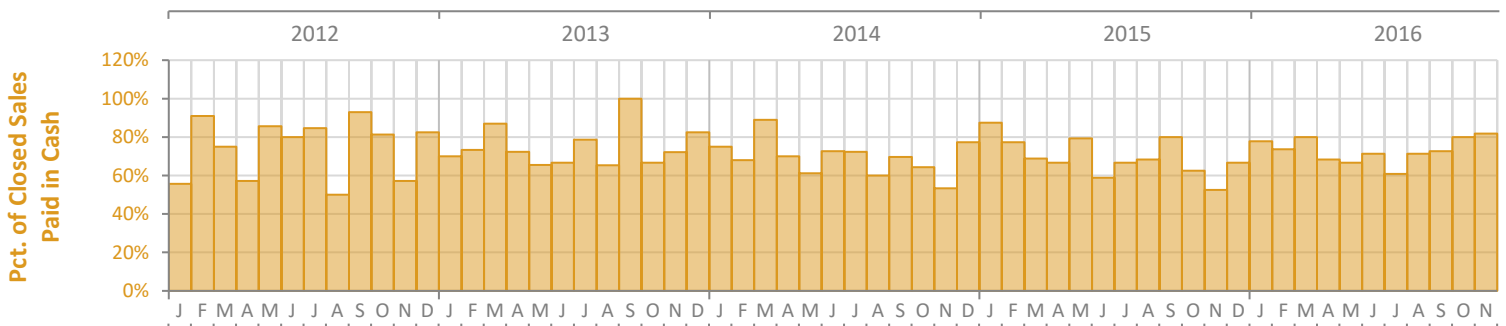


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	72.5%	3.9%
November 2016	81.8%	55.5%
October 2016	80.0%	28.0%
September 2016	72.7%	-9.1%
August 2016	71.4%	4.4%
July 2016	60.9%	-8.7%
June 2016	71.4%	21.4%
May 2016	66.7%	-15.9%
April 2016	68.4%	2.5%
March 2016	80.0%	16.3%
February 2016	73.7%	-4.7%
January 2016	77.8%	-11.1%
December 2015	66.7%	-13.7%
November 2015	52.6%	-1.3%

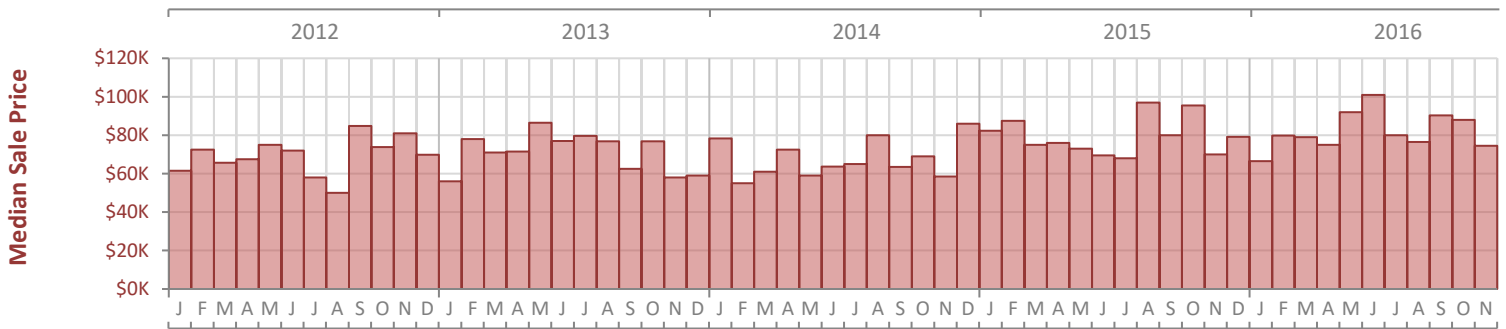


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$79,950	-0.1%
November 2016	\$74,500	6.4%
October 2016	\$88,000	-7.9%
September 2016	\$90,250	12.8%
August 2016	\$76,500	-21.1%
July 2016	\$80,000	17.6%
June 2016	\$100,950	45.3%
May 2016	\$92,000	26.0%
April 2016	\$75,000	-1.3%
March 2016	\$78,950	5.3%
February 2016	\$79,900	-8.7%
January 2016	\$66,500	-19.1%
December 2015	\$79,200	-7.9%
November 2015	\$70,000	19.7%

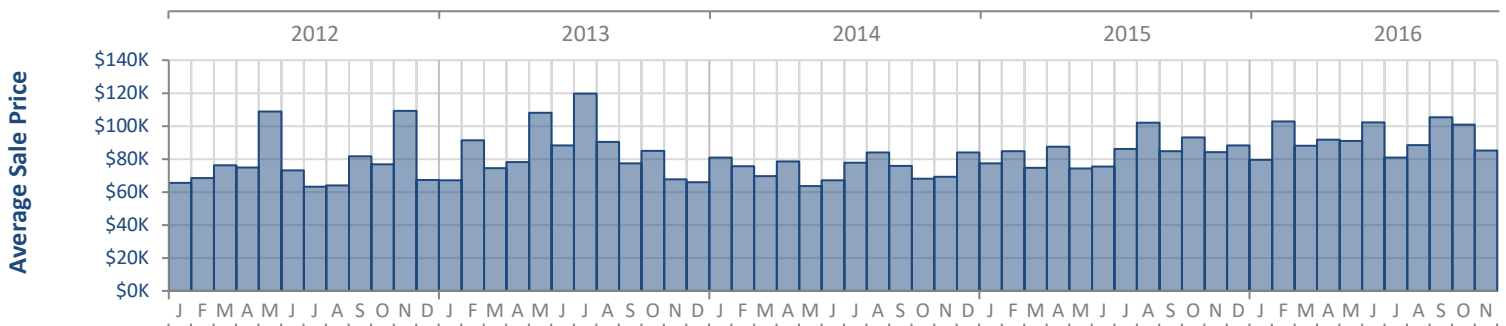


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$91,755	9.8%
November 2016	\$85,212	1.3%
October 2016	\$100,880	8.4%
September 2016	\$105,411	24.3%
August 2016	\$88,500	-13.3%
July 2016	\$80,973	-5.9%
June 2016	\$102,165	35.3%
May 2016	\$91,076	22.5%
April 2016	\$91,797	4.9%
March 2016	\$88,160	17.9%
February 2016	\$102,926	21.3%
January 2016	\$79,606	2.8%
December 2015	\$88,183	4.9%
November 2015	\$84,121	21.4%

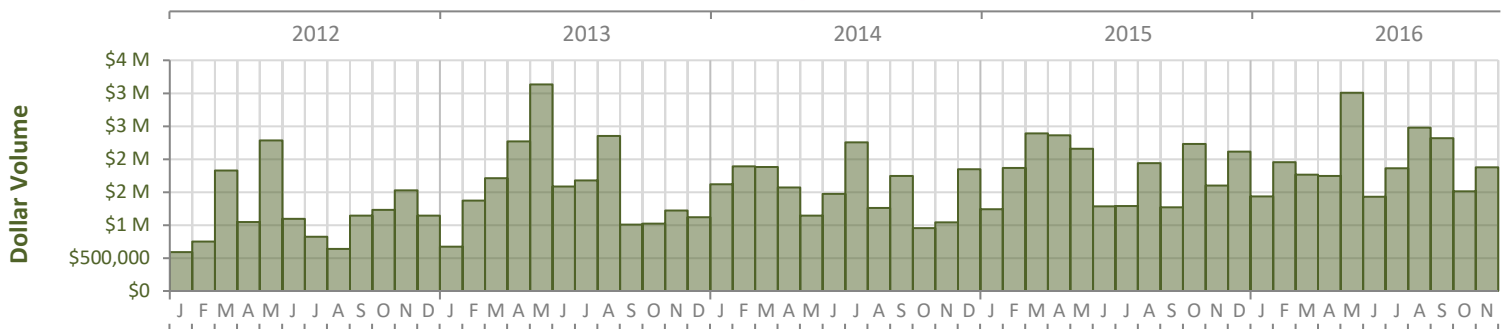


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$21.4 Million	8.9%
November 2016	\$1.9 Million	17.3%
October 2016	\$1.5 Million	-32.2%
September 2016	\$2.3 Million	82.3%
August 2016	\$2.5 Million	27.8%
July 2016	\$1.9 Million	44.3%
June 2016	\$1.4 Million	11.5%
May 2016	\$3.0 Million	39.3%
April 2016	\$1.7 Million	-26.2%
March 2016	\$1.8 Million	-26.3%
February 2016	\$2.0 Million	4.8%
January 2016	\$1.4 Million	15.7%
December 2015	\$2.1 Million	14.4%
November 2015	\$1.6 Million	53.8%

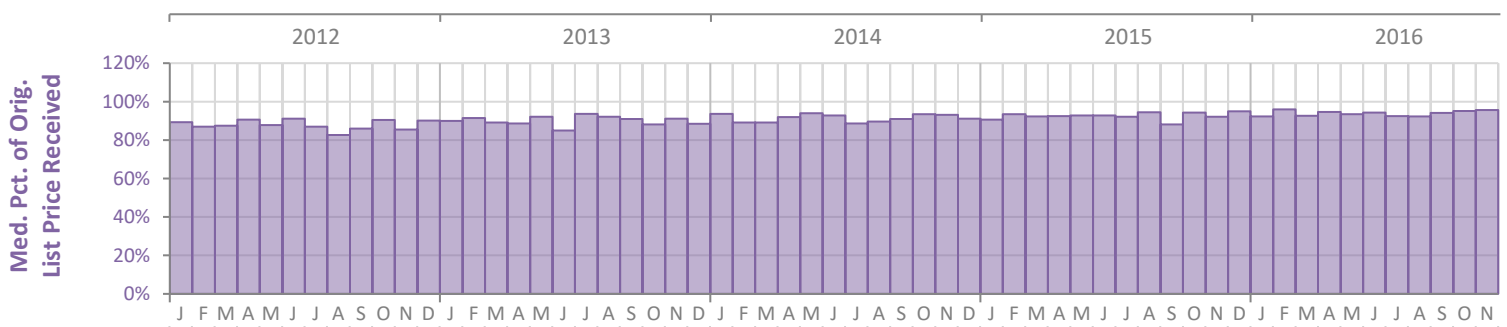


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	94.0%	1.6%
November 2016	95.6%	3.7%
October 2016	95.1%	0.8%
September 2016	94.2%	6.9%
August 2016	92.3%	-2.2%
July 2016	92.4%	0.2%
June 2016	94.3%	1.6%
May 2016	93.4%	0.6%
April 2016	94.7%	2.5%
March 2016	92.6%	0.3%
February 2016	96.0%	2.8%
January 2016	92.3%	1.9%
December 2015	95.0%	4.3%
November 2015	92.2%	-1.1%

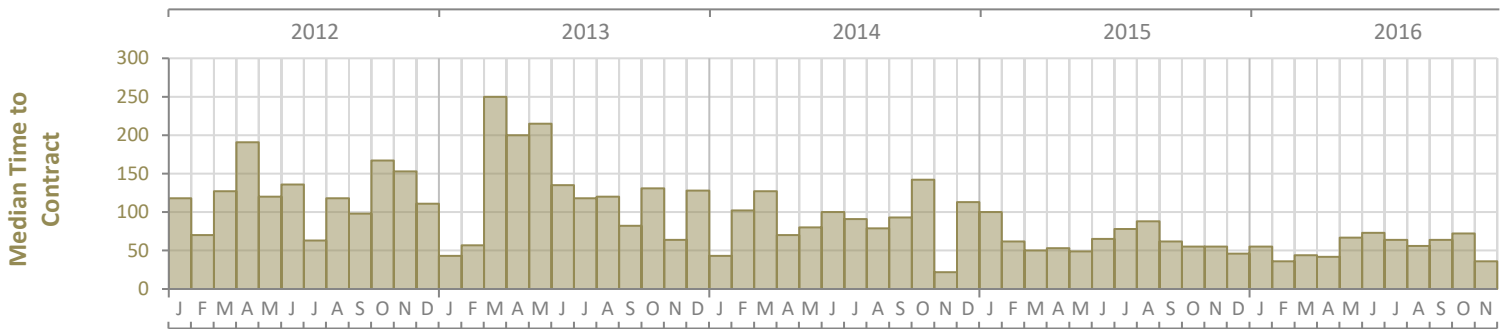


Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	51 Days	-16.4%
November 2016	36 Days	-34.5%
October 2016	72 Days	30.9%
September 2016	64 Days	3.2%
August 2016	56 Days	-36.4%
July 2016	64 Days	-17.9%
June 2016	73 Days	12.3%
May 2016	67 Days	36.7%
April 2016	42 Days	-20.8%
March 2016	44 Days	-12.0%
February 2016	36 Days	-41.9%
January 2016	55 Days	-45.0%
December 2015	46 Days	-59.3%
November 2015	55 Days	150.0%

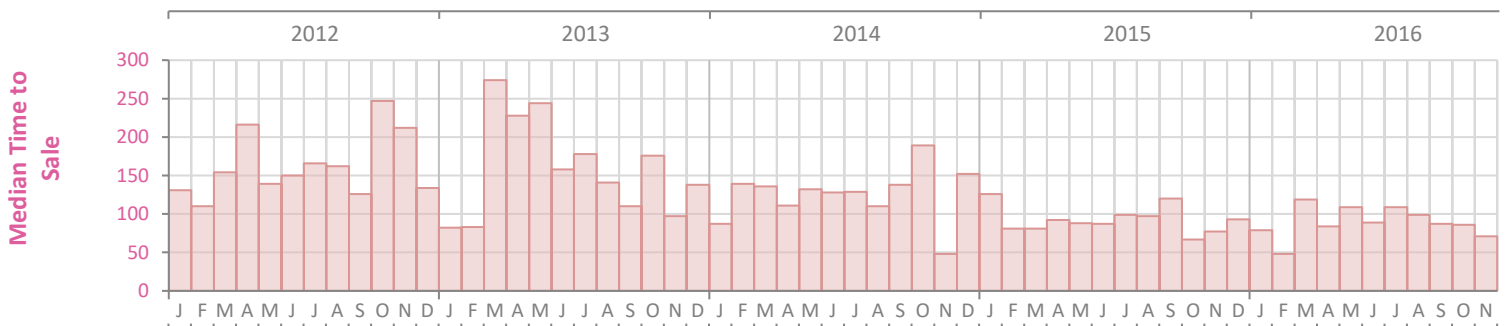


Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median Time to Sale* is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	86 Days	-12.2%
November 2016	71 Days	-7.8%
October 2016	86 Days	28.4%
September 2016	87 Days	-27.5%
August 2016	99 Days	2.1%
July 2016	109 Days	10.1%
June 2016	89 Days	2.3%
May 2016	109 Days	23.9%
April 2016	84 Days	-8.7%
March 2016	119 Days	46.9%
February 2016	48 Days	-40.7%
January 2016	79 Days	-37.3%
December 2015	93 Days	-38.8%
November 2015	77 Days	60.4%

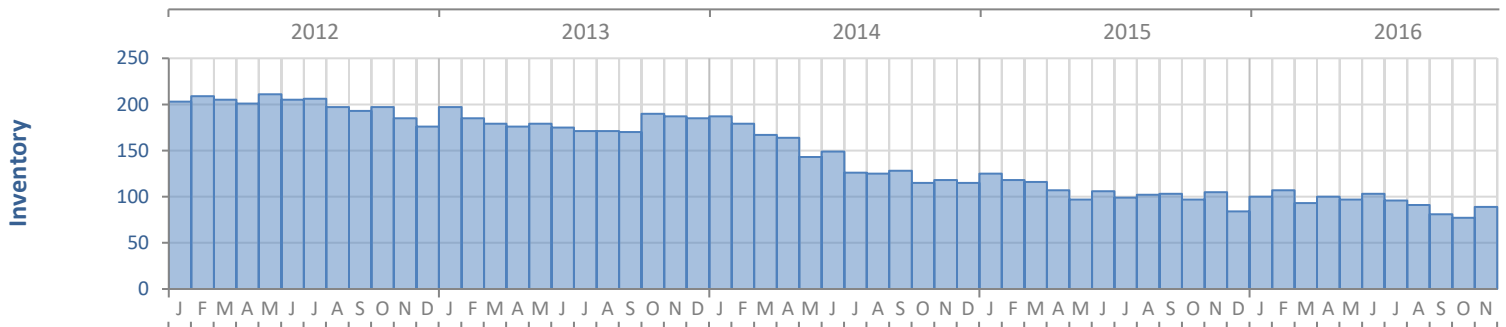


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	94	-12.1%
November 2016	89	-15.2%
October 2016	77	-20.6%
September 2016	81	-21.4%
August 2016	91	-10.8%
July 2016	96	-3.0%
June 2016	103	-2.8%
May 2016	97	0.0%
April 2016	100	-6.5%
March 2016	93	-19.8%
February 2016	107	-9.3%
January 2016	100	-20.0%
December 2015	84	-27.0%
November 2015	105	-11.0%

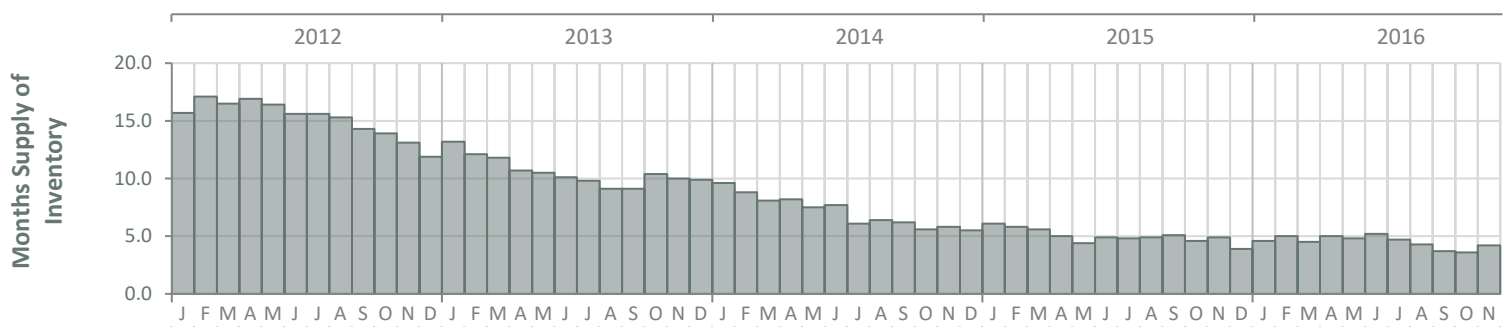


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	4.5	-11.8%
November 2016	4.2	-14.3%
October 2016	3.6	-21.7%
September 2016	3.7	-27.5%
August 2016	4.3	-12.2%
July 2016	4.7	-2.1%
June 2016	5.2	6.1%
May 2016	4.8	9.1%
April 2016	5.0	0.0%
March 2016	4.5	-19.6%
February 2016	5.0	-13.8%
January 2016	4.6	-24.6%
December 2015	3.9	-29.1%
November 2015	4.9	-15.5%

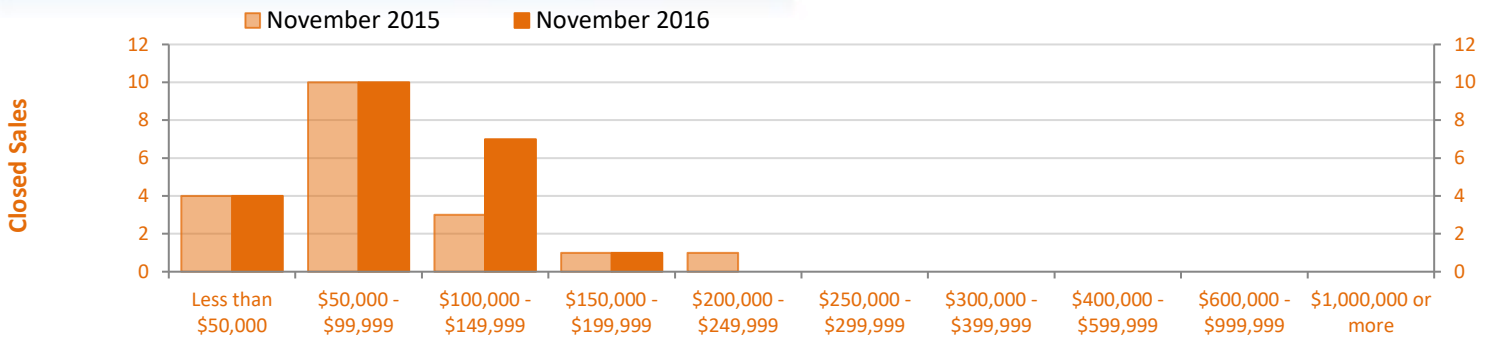


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	10	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	7	133.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1	0.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	0	-100.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	0	N/A
\$300,000 - \$399,999	0	N/A
\$400,000 - \$599,999	0	N/A
\$600,000 - \$999,999	0	N/A
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A

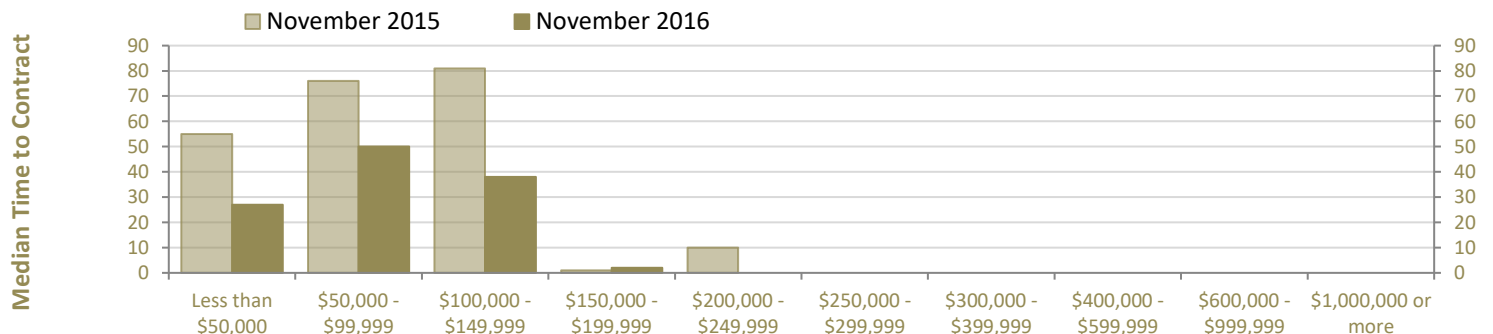


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	27 Days	-50.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	50 Days	-34.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	38 Days	-53.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	2 Days	100.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$250,000 - \$299,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$300,000 - \$399,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$400,000 - \$599,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$600,000 - \$999,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$1,000,000 or more	(No Sales)	N/A

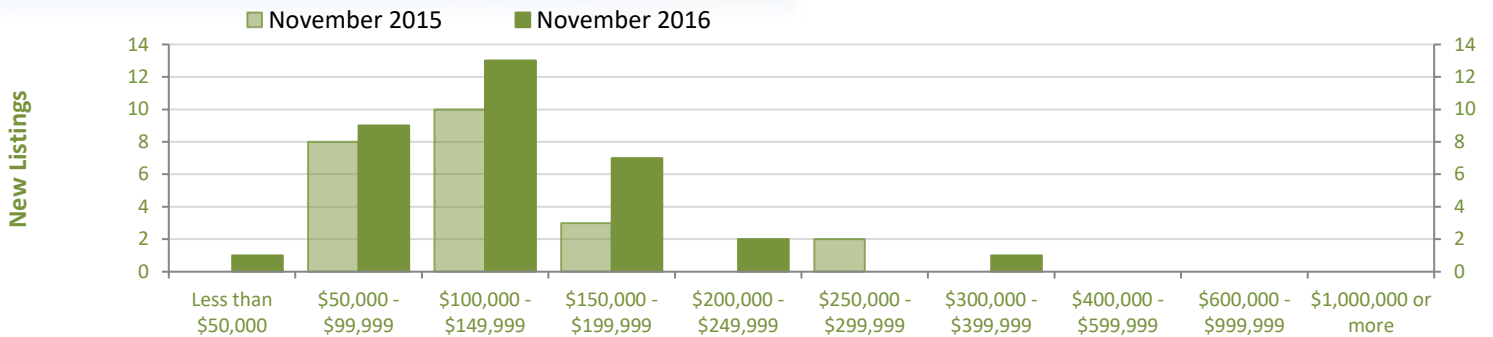


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	9	12.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	13	30.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	7	133.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	2	N/A
\$250,000 - \$299,999	0	-100.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1	N/A
\$400,000 - \$599,999	0	N/A
\$600,000 - \$999,999	0	N/A
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A

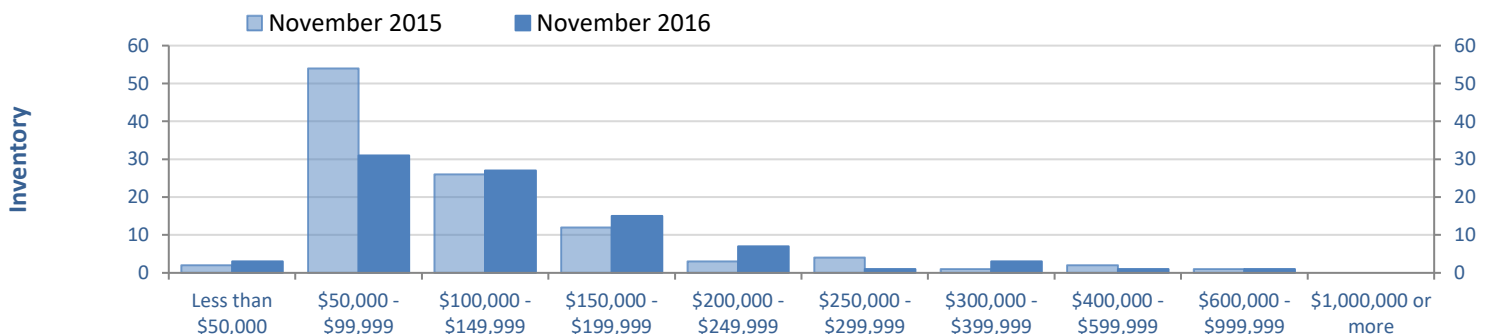


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

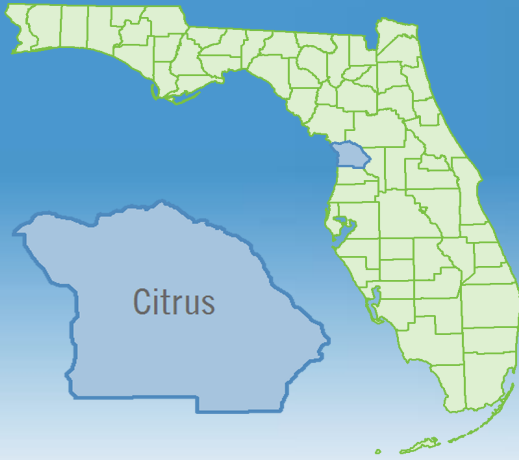
Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	31	-42.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	27	3.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	15	25.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	7	133.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	1	-75.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	3	200.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1	-50.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1	0.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A



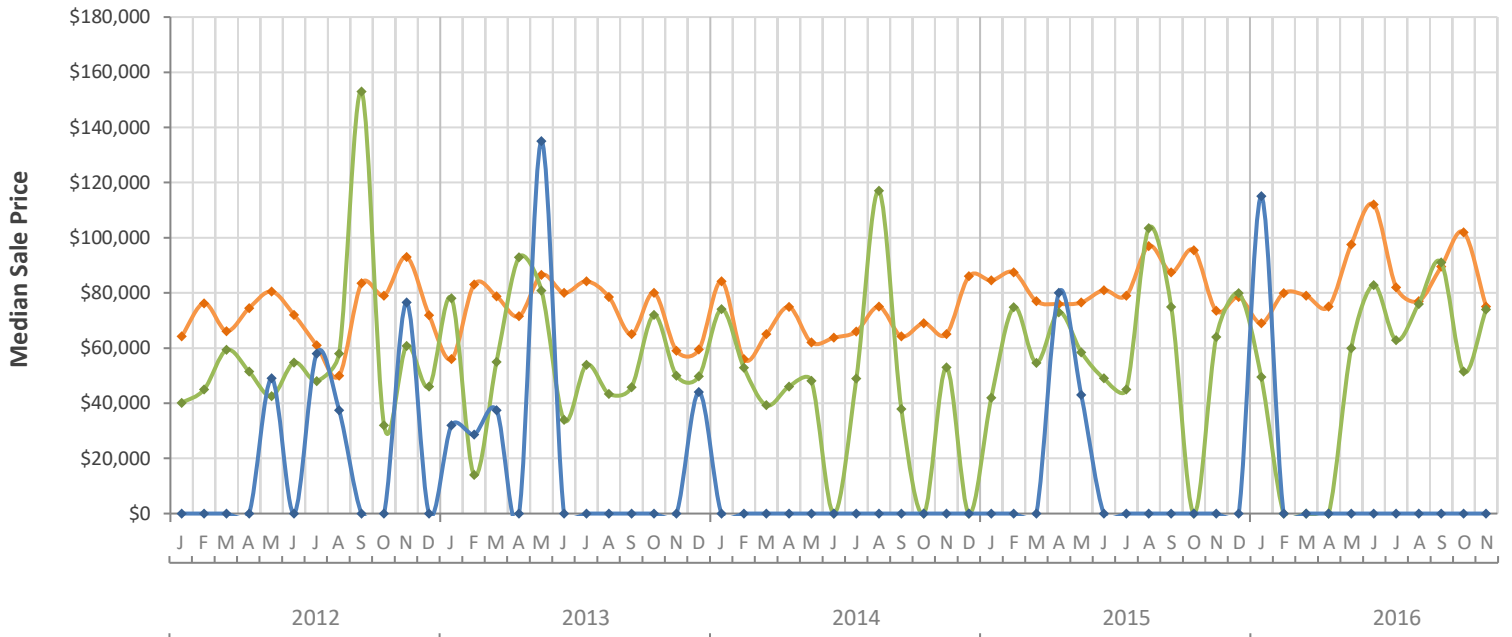
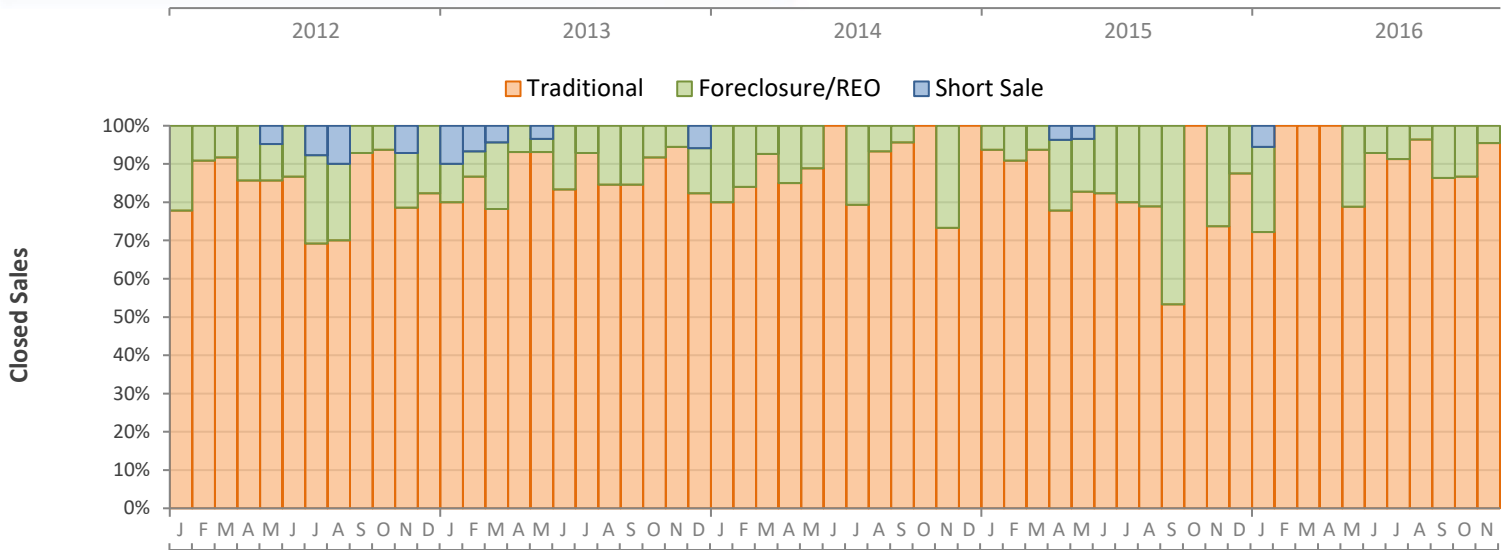
Monthly Distressed Market - November 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Citrus County



		November 2016	November 2015	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	21	14	50.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$75,000	\$73,500	2.0%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	1	5	-80.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$74,000	\$64,000	15.6%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	0	0	N/A
	Median Sale Price	(No Sales)	(No Sales)	N/A



Produced by Florida Realtors® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Wednesday, December 21, 2016. Historical data revised on Friday, September 7, 2018. Next data release is Tuesday, January 24, 2017.